

## DSE-2: System Programming (Semester-V)

### Parse tree

- Parse tree is the graphical representation of symbol. The symbol can be terminal or non-terminal.
- In parsing, the string is derived using the start symbol. The root of the parse tree is that start symbol.
- It is the graphical representation of symbol that can be terminals or non-terminals.
- Parse tree follows the precedence of operators. The deepest sub-tree traversed first. So, the operator in the parent node has less precedence over the operator in the sub-tree.

### The parse tree follows these points:

- All leaf nodes have to be terminals.
- All interior nodes have to be non-terminals.
- In-order traversal gives original input string.

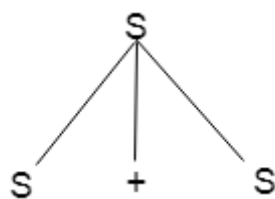
### Example:

#### Production rules:

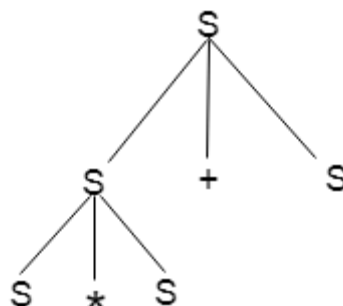
1.  $T = T + T \mid T * T$
2.  $T = a \mid b \mid c$

**Input:**  $a * b + c$

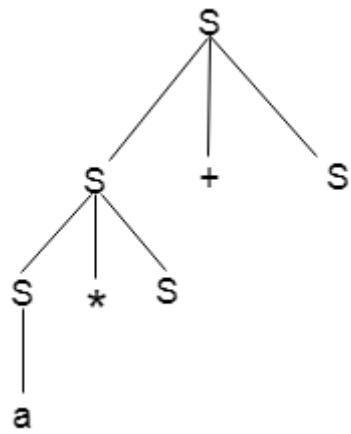
#### Step 1:



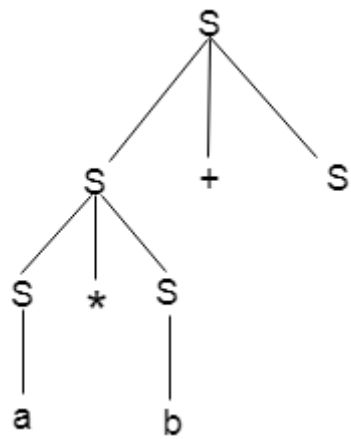
#### Step 2:



Step 3:



Step 4:



Step 5:

